



AHMAD IBRAHIM SECONDARY SCHOOL
GCE O-LEVEL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2025

SECONDARY 4 EXPRESS / 5 NORMAL ACADEMIC

Name:	Class:	Register No.:
-------	--------	---------------

MATHEMATICS

Paper 2

4052/02

7 August 2025

2 hours 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your name, class and index number on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Answer **all** questions.

If working is needed for any questions it must be shown with the answer.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

The use of an approved scientific calculator is expected, where appropriate.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 90.

For Examiner's Use

/ 90

This document consists of **21** printed pages.

[Turn over

Mathematical Formulae*Compound Interest*

$$\text{Total amount} = P \left(1 + \frac{r}{100} \right)^n$$

Mensuration

$$\text{Curved surface area of a cone} = \pi r l$$

$$\text{Surface area of a sphere} = 4\pi r^2$$

$$\text{Volume of a cone} = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$

$$\text{Volume of a sphere} = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$$

$$\text{Area of triangle } ABC = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$$

$$\text{Arc length} = r\theta, \text{ where } \theta \text{ is in radians}$$

$$\text{Sector area} = \frac{1}{2} r^2 \theta, \text{ where } \theta \text{ is in radians}$$

Trigonometry

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

Statistics

$$\text{Mean} = \frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$

$$\text{Standard deviation} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f} \right)^2}$$

[Turn Over]

Answer **all** the questions.

- 1 (a) Find all the prime numbers that will satisfy the inequality $-5 \leq 2x - 1 < x + 3$.

Answer [3]

(b) Simplify $\frac{30x^2y^2}{11z} \div \frac{25xz^3}{22y}$.

Answer [3]

(c) Simplify $\left(\frac{p^{12}}{81q^{16}}\right)^{-\frac{3}{4}}$.

Answer [2]

(d) Solve $\frac{x}{x-1} + 2 = \frac{4}{2-x}$.

Answer $x = \dots\dots\dots$ or $\dots\dots\dots$ [3]

[Turn Over

- 2 (a) The position vector of A is $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$.

$$\overrightarrow{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- (i) Find the coordinates of B .

Answer (..... ,) [1]

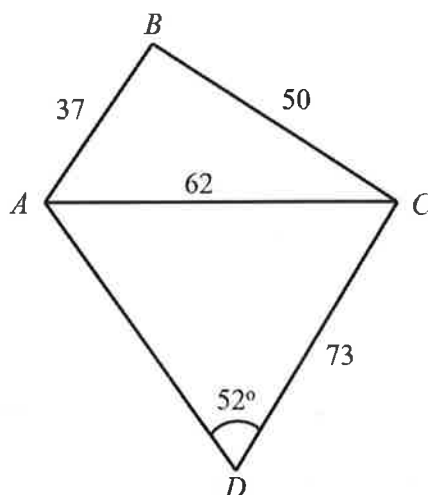
- (ii) Find the equation of line AB .

Answer [2]

- (b) C is the point $(-2, 5)$.
 D is a point that lies on the line $x = 3$.
 The length of CD is 13 units.
 Find the two possible pairs of coordinates of D .

Answer (..... ,) and (..... ,) [3]

3



Points A , B , C and D are on horizontal ground.
 $AB = 37$ m, $BC = 50$ m, $AC = 62$ and $CD = 73$ m.
 Angle $ADC = 52^\circ$.

A is due west of C .

(a) Find angle ABC .

Answer $^\circ$ [3]

(b) The bearing of E from C is 124° .
 Find the bearing of C from E .

Answer $^\circ$ [1]

[Turn Over]

- (c) Find the bearing of D from A .

Answer° [3]

- (d) Point C is the base of a vertical flagpole CF .
The angle of elevation of F from B is 8° .

Calculate the angle of elevation of F from D .

Answer° [3]

- 4 Jennie travels from Town A to Town B at a speed of x km/h.
 The journey takes 1 hour.
 She then spends 30 minutes having her lunch in Town B , before setting off to Town C ,
 which takes x minutes at $(x - 20)$ km/h.

The total distance of the journey is 120 km.

- (a) Show that $x^2 + 40x - 7200 = 0$.

Answer

[3]

- (b) Solve the equation $x^2 + 40x - 7200 = 0$.

Given your solutions correct to 2 decimal places.

Answer $x = \dots\dots\dots$ or $\dots\dots\dots$ [3]

[Turn Over]

- (c) Explain why one of the solutions in **part (b)** must be rejected.

.....
 [1]

- (d) Calculate the difference between the times Jennie spent driving from Town *A* to Town *B* and from Town *B* to Town *C*.

Give your answer in minutes and seconds, correct to the nearest second.

Answer minutes seconds [1]

- (e) Calculate Jennie's average speed for the entire journey.

Answer km/h [3]

- 5 (a) There are 25 students in a class.
The table shows the distribution of the heights of these students.

Height (x cm)	Frequency
$140 < x \leq 150$	3
$150 < x \leq 160$	10
$160 < x \leq 170$	7
$170 < x \leq 180$	4
$180 < x \leq 190$	1

- (i) Find the interval that contains the median height.

Answer $< x \leq$ [1]

- (ii) Calculate an estimate of the mean height.

Answer cm [1]

- (iii) State an estimate of the standard deviation of the heights.

Answer cm [1]

[Turn Over]

- (iv) Explain why the mean height and standard deviations in **part (ii)** and **part (iii)** are estimates.

.....

..... [1]

- (v) Five students have transferred out of the class.
The estimated mean height of the students in the class is now 163 cm.

Explain what this tells you about the mean heights of the five students who transferred out.

.....

..... [1]

(b) A bag contains 5 red, 7 blue and 3 yellow identical balls.

(i) One ball is selected at random.

Find the probability that it is a yellow ball.

Answer [1]

(ii) Two balls are selected at random without replacement.

Find the probability that both balls are of different colours.

Answer [2]

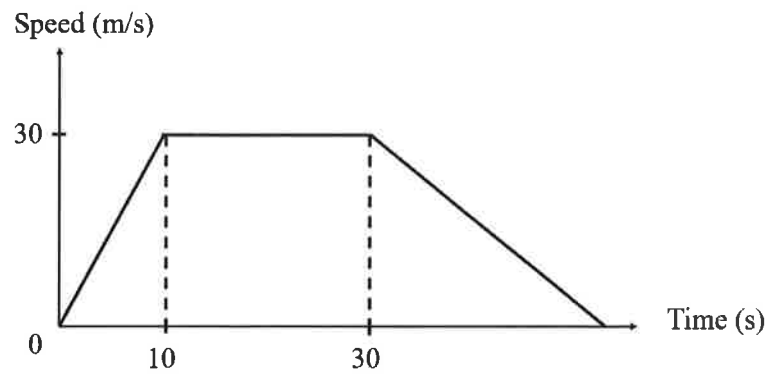
(iii) Three balls are selected at random, with replacement.

Find the probability that two red balls and one blue ball are chosen.

Answer [3]

[Turn Over

- 6 The diagram shows the speed-time graph of a train.



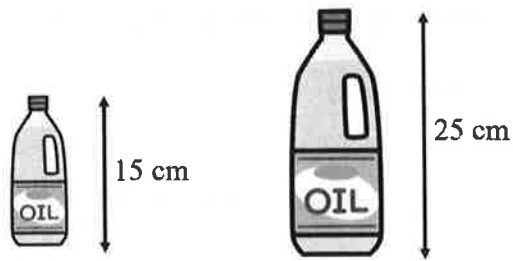
- (a) Find the acceleration of the train in the first 10 seconds.

Answer m/s^2 [1]

- (b) Given that the train decelerates at a rate of 2 m/s^2 , find the total distance travelled by the train.

Answer m [3]

7 (a)



The diagram shows two geometrically similar bottles, containing cooking oil.
 The height of the smaller bottle is 15 cm.
 The height of the larger bottle is 25 cm.

- (i) The diameter of the base of the larger bottle is 10 cm.
 Calculate the diameter of the base of the smaller bottle.

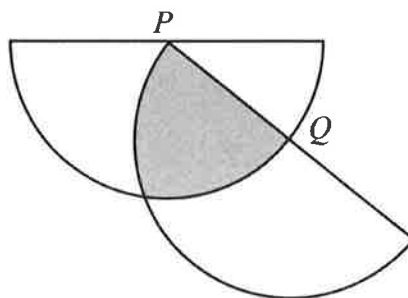
Answer cm [2]

- (ii) The smaller bottle has a capacity of 400 ml.
 The manufacturer makes another geometrically similar bottle that holds 1.2 litres.
 Calculate the height of this bottle.

Answer cm [2]

[Turn Over

- (b) Two congruent semicircles with radius 4 cm and centres P and Q overlap as shown below.



Calculate the area of the shaded region.

Answer cm^2 [5]

- 8 A bakery makes cakes.
The bakery operates for 6 days each week.
The matrix, $\mathbf{M}$, shows the number of cakes of different types that are made each day.

$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} \text{Small} & \text{Medium} & \text{Large} \end{matrix} \\ \begin{pmatrix} 8 & 5 & 2 \\ 6 & 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix} & \begin{matrix} \text{Chocolate} \\ \text{Blackforest} \end{matrix} \end{matrix}$$

- (a) Evaluate the matrix $\mathbf{P} = 6\mathbf{M}$.

Answer $\mathbf{P} =$ [1]

- (b) Small cakes cost \$10 to make.
Medium cakes cost \$15 to make.
Large cakes cost \$20 to make.
Represent these amounts in a 3×1 matrix $\mathbf{N}$.

Answer $\mathbf{N} =$ [1]

- (c) Evaluate the matrix $\mathbf{T} = \mathbf{PN}$.

Answer $\mathbf{T} =$ [2]

[Turn Over]

- (d) State what each of the elements of **T** represents.

.....

..... [1]

- (e) The bakery sells each cake for 70% more than it costs to make.
 One week they sold $\frac{2}{3}$ of each size of the chocolate cakes and $\frac{5}{6}$ of each size of the
 blackforest cakes made that week.

The unsold cakes were given away.

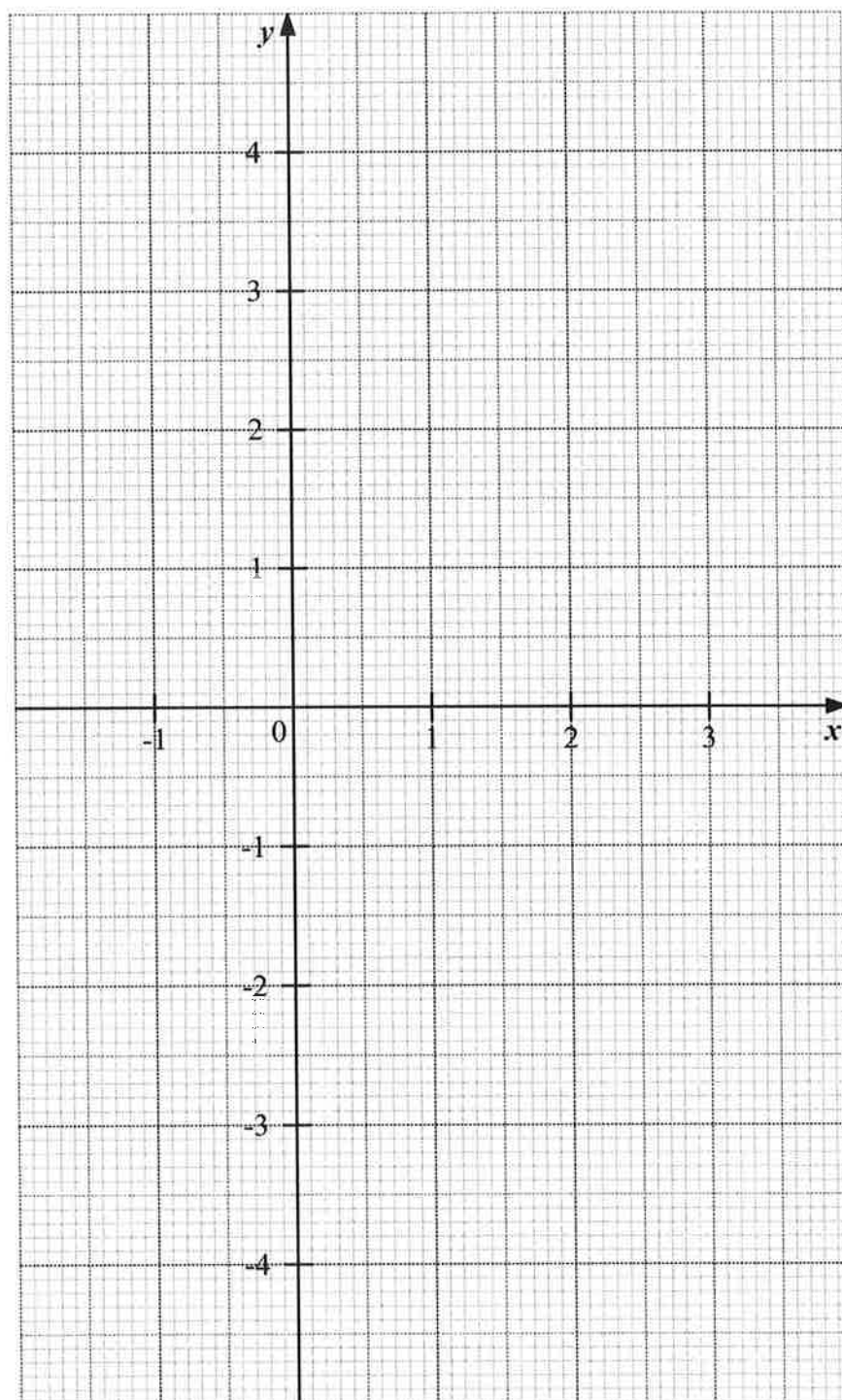
Calculate the total amount of profit the bakery made that week.

Answer \$ [4]

- 9 (a) Complete the table of values for $y = 3x^2 - x^3 - 1$. [1]

x	-1	0	1	1.5	2	2.5	3
y	3		1	2.4	3	2.1	

- (b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = 3x^2 - x^3 - 1$ for $-1 \leq x \leq 3$. [3]



[Turn Over

- (c) By drawing a tangent, find the gradient of the graph when $x = 1$.

Answer [2]

- (d) Using your graph, solve $3 - x = \frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x}$.

Answer $x =$ or $x =$ [3]

- 10 A new 52-level private condominium, with units starting from the first level, has just been launched.

The sale price of a unit depends on the floor area and the level the unit is on.

The price of each similar unit increases by a specific amount per level.

Below is some information of the different types of units available.

Type of unit	2-room	3-room	4-room	5-room
Number of toilets	1	2	2	2
Floor area (m ²)	40	60	90	110
Price per square feet (\$/feet ²)	890	990	1100	1300
Increase in price per level (\$)	13 000	16 000	19 000	22 000

- (a) Given that 1 m = 3.28 feet, show that the floor area of a 3-room unit is 646 square feet, correct to 3 significant figures.

Answer

[2]

- (b) Calculate the sale price of a 3-room unit on the first level.

Answer \$ [1]

[Turn Over]

Lisa is planning to buy a 3-room unit.

To purchase the unit, she decides to pay 45% of the price of the unit and take a housing loan from the bank to pay the remaining amount by monthly instalments.

The bank charges a simple interest rate of 3% per year for 25 years.

Lisa has a gross monthly salary of \$7500, and she does not plan to spend more than 30% of her gross monthly salary to pay for the monthly instalment.

(c) Suggest the maximum level that Lisa can afford to purchase.

Justify the decisions you make and show your calculations clearly.

Answer

[7]

End of Paper

Setter: Miss Melody Ho

